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"Clean" copy of amended English Translation, which shows changes made both to the specification and the claims and is recommended for use by the Office in prosecution and for printing.

- Electrical drive system for the synchronised 1. adjustment of a plurality of rotatable axles or further, also linearly movable functional parts (3) of devices and machines, in particular printing machines, in terms of their position, speed or acceleration, with a plurality of drive units (DRC) controlled using computer assistance, which are connected to one or more functional parts (3) for their adjustment, and with a plurality of drive networks, which each have a plurality of the drive units (DRC) as network nodes and are allocated to some or a group of the functional parts (3), wherein, inside at least one of the drive networks, its nodes or drive units (DRC) are arranged in accordance with the master/slave principle and are respectively connected to one another in a ring structure through communication channels (1) and/or a communication system, and at least one node (SDC) of a drive network is coupled in a ring structure with one node (SDC) of another drive network, likewise in accordance with the master/slave principle, through inter-communication channels (1) and/or an inter-communication system or network.
- 2. Electrical drive system for the synchronised adjustment of a plurality of rotatable axles or further, also linearly movable functional parts (3) of devices and machines, in particular printing machines, in terms of their position, speed or acceleration, with a plurality of drive units (DRC) controlled using computer assistance, which are connected to one or more functional parts (3) for their adjustment, and with a plurality of drive networks, which each have a plurality of the drive units (DRC) as network nodes and are allocated to some or a group of the

functional parts (3), wherein, inside at least one of the drive networks, its nodes or drive units (DRC) are communicatively coupled with one another, and with a plurality of inter-communication networks, whose nodes (SDC) are also communicatively coupled with one another and simultaneously belong to different drive networks, and furthermore with a multi-link controller (MLC), which is provided with communication components (SIM), each as respective nodes of the intercommunication networks, and is designed using program and/or circuit technology for their management, connection, interlinking and/or coupling with one another.

- 3. Drive system according to Claim 2, characterised in that the drive and/or intercommunication networks are arranged using a preferably serial ring structure and/or are organised in accordance with the master/slave principle.
- 4. Drive system according to Claim 3, characterised in that the communication component (SIM) is designed in the scope of the master/slave principle as a communication master of the respective intercommunication network.
- 5. Drive system according to Claim 2, 3 or 4, characterised in that the communication components (SIM) are produced with serial interfaces (SIM) and are controlled by at least one processor (DSP).
- 6. Drive system according to one of Claims 2 to 5, characterised in that the communication component (SIM) is designed, interlinked or provided with functions of a communication manager (COM_MANAGER) preferably without undertaking direct drive functions.

- 7. Drive system according to one of Claims 2 to 6, characterised in that the plurality of intercommunication networks are arranged according to a star structure with the multi-link controller (MLC) as the star centre.
- 8. Drive system according to one of Claims 2 to 7, characterised in that at least one intercommunication network is designed for data transmission synchronously with a clock of the multi-link controller (MLC).
- 9. Drive system according to one of Claims 2 to 8, characterised in that, in at least one of the intercommunication networks, one or more of the nodes are configured using program and/or circuit technology as communication masters (M1, M2, M3) and/or master computers for other intercommunication networks, and their communication control and/or command signals are delivered to the other intercommunication networks by the multi-link controller (MLC), optionally after filtering or other processing.
- 10. Drive system according to one of the preceding claims, characterised by a design, using program and/or circuit technology, such that the setpoint position, speed and/or acceleration values are distributed, optionally with associated control and status information, to one or more of the drive networks via the inter-communication system or network.
- 11. Drive system according to Claim 10, characterised in that the control information contains logical allocation of one or more drive units (DRC) to one of the drive networks and/or intercommunication networks.

- 12. Drive system according to one of Claims 2 to 11, characterised by a design, using program and/or circuit technology, of the multi-link controller (MLC) such that an command and/or data transfer that fully or partially influences or controls the intercommunication networks takes place via it.
- 13. Drive system according to Claim 12, characterised by a design, using program and/or circuit technology, of the multi-link controller (MLC) such that all information for the allocation of one of the drive units (DRC) to a respective drive network is transferred via it to each intercommunication network.
- 14. Drive system according to Claim 13, wherein at least a plurality of the drive networks are designed, using program and/or circuit technology, in accordance with the master/slave principle, respectively with a communication master (SDC) which a forms a node of an intercommunication network, and the multi-link controller (MLC) is designed, using program and/or circuit technology, in such a way that all drive units (DRC) of this intercommunication network are each respectively allocated via it to one of the communication masters (SDC).
- 15. Drive system according to one of Claims 2 to 14, characterised in that a node (SDC) of at least one of the intercommunication networks is designed, using program and/or circuit technology, both as a communication master for this intercommunication network, for its individual operation without coupling with the multi-link controller (MLC), and as a communication slave for coupling with the multi-link controller (MLC) that operates as a communication master.

- 16. Multi-link controller (MLC) for an electrical drive system according to one of the preceding claims, characterised by a plurality of communication components or interfaces (SI_ISR1, SI_ISR2...) respectively configured as communication masters for external networks, and a processor (DSP) that controls them.
- 17. Multi-link controller (MLC) according to Claim 16, characterised in that the communication interfaces (SI_ISR1, SI_ISR2...) are designed for synchronous and/or serial data transmission.
- 18. Multi-link controller (MLC) according to Claim 16, characterised in that the processor (DSP) is provided with a program code element or one or more software modules (DTA_DIST_MGR) for the distribution, routing of data from one communication interface to another and/or for the filtering or other processing of this data for the other communication interface and/or with one or more preferably serial interfaces for communication with a superordinate control or diagnosis device (PLC) and/or for other data input and/or output.
- 19. Multi-link controller according to Claim 18, characterised by one or more modules (COM_MANAGER) that regulate and/or control the communication interfaces, for communication management with these communication interfaces.
- 20. Multi-link controller (MLC) according to one of Claims 16 to 19, characterised by a design and/or instrument, using program and/or circuit technology, for individual parameterisation from an external master data source.

- 21. Multi-link controller (MLC) according to one of Claims 16 to 20, characterised by a reception storage unit for data from the and/or to the communication interfaces (SI ISR1, SI ISR2...).
- 22. Multi-link controller (MLC) according to one of Claims 16 to 20, characterised by an instrument, using program and/or circuit technology, for converting one communication protocol of a first intercommunication network into another communication protocol of a second intercommunication network.
- 23. Drive synchronisation control unit as nodes of an intercommunication network for an electrical drive system according to one of the preceding claims, characterised by at least one communication interface (SI_ISR) and at least one processor (DSP) that controls it and is provided with the following functional modules:
- a master axis module (VSA_MGR), designed to receive, to generate and/or route data and/or commands for a virtual master axis via the at least one communication interface (SI ISR)
- a data distribution module (DTA_DIST_MGR), which is designed for controlling a data and/or command flow via the least one communication interface (SI_ISR) with one of the networks, in particular the intercommunication network.
- 24. Synchronisation control unit according to Claim 23, characterised in that the processor (DSP) is also provided with a second communication interface (SI_DRV) and a drive communication module (DRV_COM_MGR) that can be coupled with it and is designed for controlling a data and/or command flow via the second communication interface (SI_DRV) with one of the drive networks.

- 25. Synchronisation control unit according to Claim 24, characterised in that the master axis module (VSA_MGR) is designed for access to the two communication interfaces (SI_DRV, SI_ISR) for the purpose of bidirectional data and/or command interchange between two networks.
- 26. Synchronisation control unit according to Claim 24 or 25, characterised in that the processor (DSP) is also provided with a third communication interface (SI_PLC), with which the drive communication module (DRV_COM_MGR) and/or data distribution module (DTA_DIST_MGR) for organising an command and/or data flow between one of the drive and/or intercommunication networks, on the one hand, and a further network, in particular control network with asynchronous data interchange, on the other hand, can be coupled.
- 27. Synchronisation control unit according to Claim 26, characterised in that the drive communication module (DRV_COM_MGR) is designed for access to the second and third communication interfaces (SI_DRV, SI_PLC) for the purpose of bidirectional data and/or command interchange between two networks.
- 28. Synchronisation control unit according to Claim 24 or 26, characterised in that the data distribution module (DTA_DIST_MGR) is designed for access to at least two of the first, second and third communication interfaces (SI_ISR, SI_DRV, SI_PLC) for the purpose of bidirectional data and/or command interchange between at least two of the different networks.
- 29. Synchronisation control unit according to one of Claims 23 to 28, characterised in that the processor (DSP)

is provided with one or more modules (COM_MGM) that regulate and/or control the first, second and third communication interfaces, (SI_DRV, SI_ISR, SI_PLC), for communication management via these communication interface(s).

30. Synchronisation control unit according to one of Claims 23 to 29, characterised in that the data distribution module (DTA_DIST_MGR) comprises filtering or other processing functions for data and commands from at least one communication interface for at least one other communication interface.